# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

## Section 1. Identification

	While this material is not considered bazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication
Section 2. Hazar	ds identification
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: CHEMTREC, U.S. : 1-800-424-9300 International: +1-703-527-3887 (24/7)
Manufactured by	: Pinnacle Oil Holdings, LLC 8175-B Allison Ave. Indianapolis, IN 46268 Tel: 317-875-9465 Fax: 317-875-0889 www.pinnacleoil.com Email: SDS@pinnoil.com
Supplier's details	:
Identified uses	: Passenger car motor oil.
Product type	: Liquid.
Product code	:
Other means of identification	:
GHS product identifier	:

OSHA/HCS status	: While this material is not considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200), this SDS contains valuable information critical to the safe handling and proper use of the product. This SDS should be retained and available for employees and other users of this product.
Classification of the substance or mixture	: Not classified.
GHS label elements	
Signal word	: No signal word.
Hazard statements	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Not applicable.
Response	: Not applicable.
Storage	: Not applicable.
Disposal	: Not applicable.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.



Tel : +1-888-GHS-7769 (447-7769) / +1-450-GHS-7767 (447-7767) www.kmkregservices.com www.askdrluc.com www.ghssmart.com

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture
Other means of

identification

: Mixture

: Not available.

#### **CAS number/other identifiers**

CAS number	1	Not applicable.
Product code	:	Not available.

: Not available.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
White mineral oil (petroleum) Gas oils (petroleum), vacuum, hydrocracked, hydroisomerized, hydrogenated, C10-25, branched and cyclic	≥1 - ≤3 ≥1 - ≤3	8042-47-5 445411-73-4
	≥1 - ≤3	64742-47-8

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.</li> </ul>
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Most important symptoms/	effects, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effe	<u>cts</u>
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<u>Over-exposure signs/sym</u>	<u>ptoms</u>
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Tel: +1-888-GHS-7769 (447-7769) / +1-450-GHS-7767 (447-7767) www.kmkregservices.com www.askdrluc.com www.ghssmart.com Section 4. First aid measures

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: In case of fire, use foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use high volume water jet as an extinguisher, as this may spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: No specific fire or explosion hazard.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Carbon oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: No special measures are required.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures		
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.	
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".	
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).	
Methods and materials for cor	itainment and cleaning up	
Spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.	

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage,	1	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from
including any		direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials
incompatibilities		(see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
White mineral oil (petroleum)	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016). TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. Form: Mist STEL: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form: Mist OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016). TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
Gas oils (petroleum), vacuum, hydrocracked, hydroisomerized, hydrogenated, C10-25, branched and cyclic Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours.

Appropriate engineering controls	:	Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.
Environmental exposure controls		Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.

Individual protection meas	ures
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	<ul> <li>Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.</li> </ul>
Body protection	<ul> <li>Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### **Appearance**

Physical state	:	Liquid.
Color	:	Brown.
Odor	:	Petroleum.
Odor threshold	:	Not available.
рН	:	Not available.
Melting point	:	Not available.
Boiling point	:	Not available.
Flash point	:	Open cup: >204°C (>399.2°F) [Cleveland.]
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	1	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	1	Not available.
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.
Vapor density	:	Not available.
Relative density	:	0.855 to 0.876
Solubility	:	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	1	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >0.43 cm²/s (>43 cSt) [ASTM D445]

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
Incompatible materials	: Not available.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
White mineral oil (petroleum)	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-

### Irritation/Corrosion

There is no data available.



## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Sensitization

There is no data available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

There is no data available.

### **Carcinogenicity**

### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	EPA	NIOSH
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated	-	-	-	A4	-	-
heavy paraffinic Paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed light	-	-	-	A4	-	-
White mineral oil (petroleum)	-	-	-	A4	-	-
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C15-30,	-	-	-	A4	-	-
hydrotreated neutral oil-based, contg. solvent deasphalted residual oil						
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based, high-	-	-	-	A4	-	-
viscosity						
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C15-30, hydrotreated neutral oil-based	-	-	-	A4	-	-
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	-	-	-	A3	-	-
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated	-	-	-	A4	-	-
light naphthenic Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic	-	-	-	A4	-	-

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

There is no data available.

### **Teratogenicity**

There is no data available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

There is no data available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

### There is no data available.

### Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Gas oils (petroleum), vacuum, hydrocracked, hydroisomerized, hydrogenated, C10-25, branched and cvclic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure	:	Dermal contact. Ingestion.
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to	the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.



## Section 11. Toxicological information

Ingestion

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Potential delayed effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<u>Long term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Potential delayed effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Potential chronic health eff	<u>ects</u>
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
The second se	No known aignifiaant offacta ar aritical hazarda
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

There is no data available.

## Section 12. Ecological information

### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Acute LC50 2200 μg/L Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	4 days

### Persistence and degradability

There is no data available.

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
White mineral oil (petroleum)	>6	-	high

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : | coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

#### Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.



## Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	-	-

**AERG** : Not applicable.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined	
	United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.	
	<b>Clean Water Act (CWA) 307</b> : Zinc O,O,O',O'-tetrakis(1,3-dimethylbutyl) bis (phosphorodithioate); Phosphorodithioic acid, mixed O,O-bis(sec-Bu and isooctyl) esters zinc salts; Benzene	S,
	Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: Benzene; Vinyl acetate	
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	Listed	
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	Not listed	



## Section 15. Regulatory information

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	: Not listed
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	: Not listed
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	: Not listed

#### SARA 302/304

**Composition/information on ingredients** 

		SARA 302 1	<b>PQ</b>	SARA 304 F	RQ
Name	EHS	(lbs)	(gallons)	(lbs)	(gallons)
Vinyl acetate	Yes.	1000	129	5000	644.8

**SARA 304 RQ** 

: 555555555556 lbs / 252222222222 kg [7698447372 gal / 29141793439.9 L]

### SARA 311/312

Classification

: Not applicable. **Composition/information on ingredients** 

<u>composition/mornation on ingreatents</u>			
Name	Fire	5	

	hazard	Sudden release of pressure		(acute) health	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Yes.	No.	No.	No.	No.

### **SARA 313**

There is no data available.

### **State regulations**

Massachusetts	: The following components are listed: Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; White mineral oil (petroleum); Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle; Lubricating oils (petroleum), C15-30, hydrotreated neutral oil-based, contg. solvent deasphalted residual oil; Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based, high-viscosity; Lubricating oils (petroleum), C15-30, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic; Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic; Paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed light
New York	: None of the components are listed.
New Jersey	: The following components are listed: Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; White mineral oil (petroleum); Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle; Lubricating oils (petroleum), C15-30, hydrotreated neutral oil-based, contg. solvent deasphalted residual oil; Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based, high-viscosity; Lubricating oils (petroleum), C15-30, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic; Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic; Paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed light
Pennsylvania	: The following components are listed: Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; White mineral oil (petroleum); Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle; Lubricating oils (petroleum), C15-30, hydrotreated neutral oil-based, contg. solvent deasphalted residual oil; Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based, high-viscosity; Lubricating oils (petroleum), C15-30, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic; Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic; Paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed light

## Section 15. Regulatory information

### California Prop. 65

**WARNING:** This product contains less than 0.1% of a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer. **WARNING:** This product contains less than 1% of a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Ingredient name	Cancer	•	level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
Benzene	Yes.			24 μg/day (ingestion) 49 μg/day (inhalation)

## Section 16. Other information

### National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

#### Health : 1 Flammability : 1 Instability : 0

Reprinted with permission from NFPA 704-2001, Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response Copyright ©1997, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This reprinted material is not the complete and official position of the National Fire Protection Association, on the referenced subject which is represented only by the standard in its entirety.

Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

NFPA Hazard Ratings 4= extreme 3= high 2= moderate 1= slight 0= insignificant N= no rating for powders

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
Not classified.	

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue mm/dd/yyyy	: 12/15/2016
Date of previous issue	: 10/15/2015
Version	: 2
Prepared by	: KMK Regulatory Services Inc.

#### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

